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# *The Frogs*

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**by Aristophanes**  
**Editor: Charles W. Eliot**

Styled by **LimpidSoft**

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THE FROGS OF ARISTOPHANES  
By Aristophanes

From The Harvard Classics  
Edited By Charles W Eliot Ltd  
With Introductions And Notes

## INTRODUCTORY NOTE

**A**RISTOPHANES, the greatest of comic writers in Greek and in the opinion of many, in any language, is the only one of the Attic comedians any of whose works has survived in complete form. He was born in Athens about the middle of the fifth century B C, and had his first comedy produced when he was so young that his name was withheld on account of his youth. He is credited with over forty plays, eleven of which survive, along with the names and fragments of some twenty-six others. His satire deal with political, religious, and literary topics, and with all its humor and fancy is evidently the outcome of profound conviction and a genuine patriotism. The Attic comedy was produced at the festivals of Dionysus,

which were marked by great license, and to this, rather than to the individual taste of the poet, must be ascribed the undoubted coarseness of many of the jests. Aristophanes seems, indeed, to have been regarded by his contemporaries as a man of noble character. He died shortly after the production of his "Plutus," in 388 B. C.

"The Frogs" was produced the year after the death of Euripides, and laments the decay of Greek tragedy which Aristophanes attributed to that writer. It is an admirable example of the brilliance of his style, and of that mingling of wit and poetry with rollicking humor and keen satirical point which is his chief characteristic. Here, as elsewhere, he stands for tradition against innovation of all kinds, whether in politics, religion, or art. The hostility to Euripides displayed here and in several other plays, like his attacks on Socrates, is a result of this attitude of conservatism. The present play is notable also as a piece of elaborate if not over-serious literary criticism from the pen of a great poet.

## DRAMATIS PERSONAE

*THE God DIONYSUS*

*XANTHIAS, his slave*

*AESCHYLUS*

*EURIPIDES*

*HERACLES*

*PLUTO*

*CHARON AEACUS, house porter to Pluto\_*

*A Corpse*

*A maidservant of Persephone*

*A Landlady in Hades*

*Plathane, her servant*

## DRAMATIS PERSONAE

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*A chorus of frogs*

*A CHORUS OF initiated persons*

*Attendants at a Funeral;*

*Women worshipping Iacchus;*

*Servants of Pluto, &c.*



## THE FROGS

**XANTHIAS.** Shall I crack any of those old  
jokes, master,  
At which the audience never fail to laugh?

**DIONYSUS.** Aye, what you will, except I'm  
getting crushed:  
Fight shy of that: I'm sick of that already.

**XAN.** Nothing else smart?

**DIO.** Aye, save my shoulder's aching.

**XAN.** Come now, that comical joke?

**DIO.** With all my heart.

Only be careful not to shift your pole,  
And—

**XAN.** What?

**DIO.** And vow that you've a bellyache.

**XAN.** May I not say I'm overburdened so  
That if none ease me, I must ease myself?

**DIO.** For mercy's sake, not till I'm going to  
vomit.

**XAN.**

What! must I bear these burdens, and not  
make

One of the jokes Ameipsias and Lycis  
And Phrynichus, in every play they write,  
Put in the mouths of all their  
burden-bearers?

**DIO.** Don't make them; no! I tell you when I  
see  
Their plays, and hear those jokes, I come  
away

More than a twelvemonth older than I went.

**XAN.** O thrice unlucky neck of mine, which  
now  
Is getting crushed, yet must not crack its  
joke!

**DIO.** Now is not this fine pampered insolence  
When I myself, Dionysus, son of–Pipkin,  
Toil on afoot, and let this fellow ride,  
Taking no trouble, and no burden bearing?

**XAN.** What, don't I bear?

**DIO.** How can you when you're riding?

**XAN.** Why, I bear these.

**DIO.** How?

**XAN.** Most unwillingly.

**DIO.** Does not the donkey bear the load you're  
bearing?

**XAN.** Not what I bear myself: by Zeus, not he.

**DIO.** How can you bear, when you are borne  
yourself?

**XAN.** Don't know: but anyhow my shoulder's  
aching.

**DIO.** Then since you say the donkey helps you  
not,  
You lift him up and carry him in turn.

**XAN.** O hang it all! why didn't I fight at sea?  
You should have smarted bitterly for this.

**DIO.** Get down, you rascal; I've been trudging  
on  
Till now I've reached the portal, where I'm  
going  
First to turn in.  
Boy! Boy! I say there, Boy!

**HERACLES.** Who banged the door?  
How like a prancing Centaur  
He drove against it!  
Mercy o' me, what's this?

**DIO.** Boy.

**XAN.** Yes.

**DIO.** Did you observe?

**XAN.** What?

**DIO.** How alarmed He is.

**XAN.** Aye truly, lest you've lost your wits.

**HER.** O by Demeter, I can't choose but laugh.  
Biting my lips won't stop me. Ha! ha! ha!

**DIO.** Pray you, come hither, I have need of  
you.

**HER.** I vow I can't help laughing, I can't help  
it.

A lion's hide upon a yellow silk, a club and  
buskin!

What's it all about? Where were you going?

**DIO.** I was serving lately aboard  
the—Cleisthenes.

**HER.** And fought?

**DIO.** And sank more than a dozen of the  
enemy's ships.

**HER.** You two?

**DIO.** We two.

**HER.** And then I awoke, and lo!

**DIO.** There as, on deck, I'm reading to myself  
The Andromeda, a sudden pang of longing  
Shoots through my heart, you can't conceive  
how keenly.

**HER.** How big a pang.

**DIO.** A small one, Molon's size.

**HER.** Caused by a woman?

**DIO.** No.

**HER.** A boy?

**DIO.** No, no.

**HER.** A man?

**DIO.** Ah! ah!

**HER.** Was it for Cleisthenes?

**DIO.** Don't mock me, brother; on my life I am

In a bad way: such fierce desire consumes  
me.

**HER.** Aye, little brother? how?

**DIO.** I can't describe it.

But yet I'll tell you in a riddling way.  
Have you e'er felt a sudden lust for soup?

**HER.** Soup! Zeus-a-mercy, yes, ten thousand  
times.

**DIO.** Is the thing clear, or must I speak again?

**HER.** Not of the soup: I'm clear about the soup.

**DIO.** Well, just that sort of pang devours my  
heart

For lost Euripides.

**HER.** A dead man too.

**DIO.** And no one shall persuade me not to go  
after the man.

**HER.** Do you mean below, to Hades?

**DIO.** And lower still, if there's a lower still.

**HER.** What on earth for?

**DIO.** I want a genuine poet,  
"For some are not, and those that are, are  
bad."

**HER.** What! does not Iophon live?

**DIO.** Well, he's the sole Good thing remaining,  
if even he is good.  
For even of that I'm not exactly certain.

**HER.** If go you must, there's Sophocles—he  
comes  
Before Euripides—why not take *him*?

**DIO.** Not till I've tried if Iophon's coin rings  
true  
When he's alone, apart from Sophocles.  
Besides, Euripides the crafty rogue,  
Will find a thousand shifts to get away,  
But *he* was easy here, is easy there.

**HER.** But Agathon, where is he?

**DIO.** He has gone and left us,  
A genial poet, by his friends much missed.



**HER.** Gone where?

**DIO.** To join the blessed in their banquets.

**HER.** But what of Xenocles?

**DIO.** O he be hanged!

**HER.** Pythangelus?

**XAN.** But never a word of me,  
Not though my shoulder's chafed so terribly.

**HER.** But have you not a shoal of little  
songsters,  
Tragedians by the myriad, who can chatter  
A furlong faster than Euripides?

**DIO.** Those be mere vintage-leavings,  
jabberers, choirs  
Of swallow-broods, degraders of their art,  
Who get one chorus, and are seen no more,  
The Muses' love once gained. But O my  
friend,  
Search where you will, you'll never find a  
true  
Creative genius, uttering startling things.

**HER.** Creative? how do you mean?

**DIO.** I mean a man

Who'll dare some novel venturesome  
conceit,

*Air, Zeus's chamber, or Time's foot, or this,*

'Twas not my mind that swore: my tongue  
committed

A little perjury on its own account.

**HER.** You like that style?

**DIO.** Like it? I dote upon it.

**HER.** I vow it's ribald nonsense, and you know  
it.

**DIO.** "Rule not my mind": you've got a house  
to mind.

**HER.** Really and truly though 'tis paltry stuff.

**DIO.** Teach me to dine!

**XAN.** But never a word of me.

**DIO.** But tell me truly—'twas for this I came

Dressed up to mimic you—what friends  
received  
And entertained you when you went below  
To bring back Cerberus, in case I need them.  
And tell me too the havens, fountains, shops,  
Roads, resting-places, stews, refreshment  
rooms,  
Towns, lodgings, hostesses, with whom were  
found  
The fewest bugs.

**XAN.** But never a word of me.

**HER.** You are really game to go?

**DIO.** O drop that, can't you?  
And tell me this: of all the roads you know  
Which is the quickest way to get to Hades?  
I want one not too warm, nor  
yet too cold.

**HER.** Which shall I tell you first? which shall it  
be?  
There's one by rope and bench: you launch  
away  
And—hang yourself.

**DIO.** No thank you: that's too stifling.

**HER.** Then there's a track, a short and beaten cut.

By pestle and mortar.

**DIO.** Hemlock, do you mean?

**HER.** Just so.

**DIO.** No, that's too deathly cold a way;  
You have hardly started ere your shins get  
numbed.

**HER.** Well, would you like a steep and swift  
descent?

**DIO.** Aye, that's the style: my walking powers  
are small.

**HER.** Go down to the Cerameicus.

**DIO.** And do what?

**HER.** Climb to the tower's top pinnacle—

**DIO.** And then?

**HER.** Observe the torch-race started, and when  
all

The multitude is shouting *Let them go,*  
Let yourself go.

**DIO.** Go whither?

**HER.** To the ground.

**DIO.** O that would break my brain's two  
envelopes.

I'll not try that

**HER.** Which will you try?

**DIO.** The way you went yourself.

**HER.** A parlous voyage that,  
For first you'll come to an enormous lake Of  
fathomless depth.

**DIO.** And how am I to cross?

**HER.** An ancient mariner will row you over  
In a wee boat, *so* big.  
The fare's two obols.

**DIO.** Fie! The power two obols have, the  
whole world through!

How came they thither?

**HER.** Theseus took them down.

And next you'll see great snakes and savage  
monsters

In tens of thousands.

**DIO.** You needn't try to scare me, I'm going to  
go.

**HER.** Then weltering seas of filth

And ever-rippling dung: and plunged  
therein,

Whoso has wronged the stranger here on  
earth,

Or robbed his boylove of the promised pay,

Or swung his mother, or profanely smitten

His father's cheek, or sworn an oath  
forsworn,

Or copied out a speech of Morsimus.

**DIO.** There too, perdie, should *he* be plunged,  
whoe'er

Has danced the sword-dance of Cinesias.

**HER.** And next the breath of flutes will float  
around you,

And glorious sunshine, such as ours, you'll  
see,  
And myrtle groves, and happy bands who  
clap  
Their hands in triumph, men and women  
too.

**DIO.** And who are they?

**HER.** The happy mystic bands.

**XAN.** And I'm the donkey in the mystery  
show.  
But I'll not stand it, not one instant longer.

**HER.** Who'll tell you everything you want to  
know.  
You'll find them dwelling close beside the  
road  
You are going to travel, just at Pluto's gate.  
And fare thee well, my brother.

**DIO.** And to you Good cheer.  
(*To Xan.*) Now sirrah, pick you up the traps.

**XAN.** Before I've put them down?

**DIO.** And quickly too.

**XAN.** No, prithee, no; but hire a body, one  
They're carrying out, on purpose for the trip.

**DIO.** If I can't find one?

**XAN.** Then I'll take them.

**DIO.** Good. And see! they are carrying out a  
body now.

Hallo! you there, you deadman, are you  
willing

To carry down our little traps to Hades?

**CORPSE.** What are they?

**DIO.** These.

**CORP.** Two drachmas for the job?

**DIO.** Nay, that's too much.

**CORP.** Out of the pathway, you!

**DIO.** Beshrew thee, stop: may-be we'll strike a  
bargain.



**CORP.** Pay me two drachmas, or it's no use talking.

**DIO.** One and a half.

**CORP.** I'd liefer live again!

**XAN.** How absolute the knave is!  
He be hanged! I'll go myself.

**DIO.** You're the right sort, my man.  
Now to the ferry.

**CHARON.** Yoh, up! lay her to.

**XAN.** Whatever's that?

**DIO.** Why, that's the lake, by Zeus,  
Whereof he spake, and yon's the ferry-boat.

**XAN.** Poseidon, yes, and that old fellow's  
Charon.

**DIO.** Charon! O welcome, Charon! welcome,  
Charon.

**CHAR.** Who's for the Rest from every pain and  
ill?

Who's for the Lethe's plain?  
the Donkey-shearings?  
Who's for Cerberia? Taenarum?  
or the Ravens?

**DIO.** I.

**CHAR.** Hurry in.

**DIO.** But where are you going really?  
In truth to the Ravens?

**CHAR.** Aye, for your behoof. Step in.

**DIO.** (*To Xan.*) Now, lad.

**CHAR.** A slave? I take no slave,  
Unless he has fought for his bodyrights at  
sea.

**XAN.** I couldn't go. I'd got the eye-disease.

**CHAR.** Then fetch a circuit round about the  
lake.

**XAN.** Where must I wait?

**CHAR.** Beside the Withering stone,  
Hard by the Rest.

**DIO.** You understand?

**XAN.** Too well. O, what ill omen crost me as I started!

**CHAR.** (*To DIO.*) Sit to the oar. (*Calling.*)  
Who else for the boat?  
Be quick.  
(*To DIO.*) Hi! what are you doing?

**DIO.** What am I doing? Sitting On to the oar.  
You told me to, yourself.

**CHAR.** Now sit you there, you little Potgut.

**DIO.** So?

**CHAR.** Now stretch your arms full length  
before you.

**DIO.** So?

**CHAR.** Come, don't keep fooling; plant your  
feet, and now  
Pull with a will.

**DIO.** Why, how am *I* to pull?

I'm not an oarsman, seaman, Salaminian. I  
can't!

**CHAR.** You can. Just dip your oar in once,  
You'll hear the loveliest timing songs.

**DIO.** What from?

**CHAR.** Frog-swans, most wonderful.

**DIO.** Then give the word.

**CHAR.** Heave ahoy! heave ahoy!!

**FROGS.** Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax!

Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax!

We children of the fountain and the lake

Let us wake

Our full choir-shout, as the flutes are ringing  
out,

Our symphony of clear-voiced song.

The song we used to love in the Marshland  
up above,

In praise of DIOnysus to produce,

Of Nysaeon DIOnysus, son of Zeus,

When the revel-tipsy throng, all crapulous  
and gay,

To our precinct reeled along on the holy  
Pitcher day.  
Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax.

**DIO.** O, dear! O dear! now I declare  
I've got a bump upon my rump.

**FR.** Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax.

**DIO.** But you, perchance, don't care.

**FR.** Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax.

**DIO.** Hang you, and your ko-axing too!  
There's nothing but ko-ax with you.

**FR.** That is right, Mr. Busybody, right!  
For the Muses of the lyre love us well;  
And hornfoot Pan who plays on the pipe his  
jocund lays;  
And Apollo, Harper bright, in our Chorus  
takes delight  
For the strong reed's sake which I grow  
within my lake  
To be girdled in his lyre's deep shell.  
Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax.

**DIO.** My hands are blistered very sore;  
My stern below is sweltering so,  
'Twill soon, I know, upturn and roar  
Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax.  
O tuneful race, O pray give o'er,  
O sing no more.

**FR.** Ah, no! ah, no! Loud and louder our chant  
must flow.  
Sing if ever ye sang of yore,  
When in sunny and glorious days  
Through the rushes and marsh-flags  
springing  
On we swept, in the joy of singing  
Myriad-divine roundelays.  
Or when fleeing the storm, we went  
Down to the depths, and our choral song  
Wildly raised to a loud and long  
Bubble-bursting accompaniment.

**FR. AND DIO.** Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax.

**DIO.** This timing song I take from you.

**FR.** That's a dreadful thing to do.

**DIO.** Much more dreadful, if I row  
Till I burst myself, I trow.

**FR. AND DIO.** Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax.

**DIO.** Go, hang yourselves; for what care I?

**FR.** All the same we'll shout and cry,  
Stretching all our throats with song,  
Shouting, crying, all day long.

**FR. AND DIO.** Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax.

**DIO.** In this you'll never, never win.

**FR.** This you shall not beat us in.

**DIO.** No, nor ye prevail o'er me.  
Never! never! I'll my song  
Shout, if need be, all day long,  
Until I've learned to master your ko-ax.  
Brekekekex, ko-ax, ko-ax.  
I thought I'd put a stop to your ko-ax.

**CHAR.** Stop! Easy! Take the oar and push her  
to now pay your fare and go.

**DIO.** Here 'tis: two obols. Xanthias! where's  
Xanthias?

Is it Xanthias there?

**XAN.** Hoi, hoi!

**DIO.** Come hither.

**XAN.** Glad to meet you, master.

**DIO.** What have you there?

**XAN.** Nothing but filth and darkness.

**DIO.** But tell me, did you see the parricides  
And perjured folk he mentioned?

**XAN.** Didn't you?

DIO. Poseidon, yes. Why look! (*Pointing to  
the audience*)

I see them now. What's the next step?

**XAN.** We'd best be moving on.  
This is the spot where Heracles declared  
Those savage monsters dwell.

**DIO.** O hang the fellow.



That's all his bluff: he thought to scare me  
off,  
The jealous dog, knowing my plucky ways.  
There's no such swaggerer lives as Heracles.  
Why, I'd like nothing better than to achieve  
Some bold adventure, worthy of our trip.

**XAN.** I know you would. Hallo! I hear a noise.

**DIO.** Where? what?

**XAN.** Behind us, there.

**DIO.** Get you behind.

**XAN.** No, it's in front.

**DIO.** Get you in front directly.

**XAN.** And now I see the most ferocious  
monster.

**DIO.** O, what's it like?

**XAN.** Like everything by turns.  
Now it's a bull: now it's a mule: and now  
The loveliest girl.

**DIO.** O, where? I'll go and meet her.

**XAN.** It's ceased to be a girl: it's a dog now.

**DIO.** It is Empusa!

**XAN.** Well, its face is all  
Ablaze with fire.

**DIO.** Has it a copper leg?

**XAN.** A copper leg, yes, one; and one of cow  
dung.

**DIO.** O, whither shall I flee?

**XAN.** O, whither I?

**DIO.** My priest, protect me, and we'll sup  
together.

**XAN.** King Heracles, we're done for.

**DIO.** O, forbear, Good fellow, call me anything  
but that.

**XAN.** Well then, Dionysus.

**DIO.** O, that's worse again.

**XAN.** (*To the Spectre.*) Aye, go thy way.

O master, here, come here.

**DIO.** O, what's up now?

**XAN.** Take courage; all's serene.

And, like Hegelochus, we now may say

"Out of the storm there comes a new fine  
wether."

Empusa's gone.

**DIO.** Swear it.

**XAN.** By Zeus she is.

**DIO.** Swear it again.

**XAN.** By Zeus.

**DIO.** Again

**XAN.** By Zeus. O dear, O dear, how pale I  
grew to see her,

But he, from fright has yellowed me all over.

**DIO.** Ah me, whence fall these evils on my  
head?

Who is the god to blame for my destruction?

Air, Zeus's chamber, or the Foot of Time?

(*A flute is played behind the scenes.*)

**DIO.** Hist!

**XAN.** What's the matter.

**DIO.** Didn't you hear it?

**XAN.** What?

**DIO.** The breath of flutes.

**XAN.** Aye, and a whiff of torches  
Breathed o'er me too; a very mystic whiff.

**DIO.** Then crouch we down, and mark what's  
going on.

**CHORUS.** (*In the distance.*) O Iacchus! O  
Iacchus! O Iacchus!

**XAN.** I have it, master: 'tis those blessed  
Mystics,  
Of whom he told us, sporting hereabouts.  
They sing the Iacchus which Diagoras made.

**DIO.** I think so too: we had better both keep  
quiet

And so find out exactly what it is.

*(The calling forth of Iacchus.)*

**CHOR.** O Iacchus! power excelling, here in  
stately temple dwelling,  
O Iacchus! O Iacchus!  
Come to tread this verdant level,  
Come to dance in mystic revel,  
Come whilst round thy forehead hurtles  
Many a wreath of fruitful myrtles,  
Come with wild and saucy paces  
Mingling in our joyous dance,  
Pure and holy, which embraces all the  
charms of all the Graces  
When the mystic choirs advance.

**XAN.** Holy and sacred queen, Demeter's  
daughter, O, what a jolly whiff of pork  
breathed o'er me!

**DIO.** Hist! and perchance you'll get some tripe  
yourself.

*(The welcome to Iacchus.)*

**CHOR.** Come, arise, from sleep awaking,

come the fiery torches shaking,  
O Iacchus! O Iacchus!  
Morning Star that shinest nightly.  
Lo, the mead is blazing brightly,  
Age forgets its years and sadness,  
Aged knees curvet for gladness,  
Lift thy flashing torches o'er us,  
Marshal all thy blameless train,  
Lead, O lead the way before us;  
lead the lovely youthful Chorus  
To the marshy flowery plain.

*(The warning-off of the profane.)*

All evil thoughts and profane be still: far  
    hence, far hence from our choirs depart,  
Who knows not well what the Mystics tell,  
    or is not holy and pure of heart;  
Who ne'er has the noble revelry learned, or  
    danced the dance of the Muses high;  
Or shared in the Bacchic rites which old  
    bull-eating Cratinus's words supply;  
Who vulgar coarse buffoonery loves, though  
    all untimely the jests they make;  
Or lives not easy and kind with all, or

kindling faction forbears to slake,  
But fans the fire, from a base desire some  
pitiful gain for himself to reap;  
Or takes, in office, his gifts and bribes, while  
the city is tossed on the stormy deep;  
Who fort or fleet to the foe betrays; or, a vile  
Thorycion, ships away  
Forbidden stores from Aegina's shores, to  
Epidaurus across the Bay  
Transmitting oar-pads and sails and tar, that  
curst collector of five per cents;  
The knave who tries to procure supplies for  
the use of the enemy's armaments;  
The Cyclian singer who dares befoul the  
Lady Hecate's wayside shrine;  
The public speaker who once lampooned in  
our Bacchic feast, would, with heart  
malign,  
Keep nibbling away the Comedians' pay;—to  
these I utter my warning cry,  
I charge them once, I charge them twice, I  
charge them thrice, that they draw not  
nigh  
To the sacred dance of the Mystic choir. But

YE, my comrades, awake the song,  
The night-long revels of joy and mirth which  
ever of right to our feast belong.

*(The start of the procession.)*

Advance, true hearts, advance!  
On to the gladsome bowers,  
On to the sward, with flowers  
Embosomed bright!  
March on with jest, and jeer, and dance,  
Full well ye've supped to-night.

*(The processional hymn to Persephone.)*

March, chanting loud your lays,  
Your hearts and voices raising,  
The Saviour goddess praising  
Who vows she'll still  
Our city save to endless days,  
Whate'er Thorycion's will.

Break off the measure, and change the time;  
and now with chanting and hymns adorn  
Demeter, goddess mighty and high,  
the harvest-queen, the giver of corn.

*(The processional hymn to Demeter.)*



O Lady, over our rites presiding,  
Preserve and succour thy choral throng,  
And grant us all, in thy help confiding,  
To dance and revel the whole day long;  
*and much* in earnest, and much in jest,  
Worthy thy feast, may we speak therein.  
And when we have bantered and laughed  
our best,  
The victor's wreath be it ours to win.

Call we now the youthful god, call him  
hither without delay,  
Him who travels amongst his chorus,  
dancing along on the Sacred Way.

*(The processional hymn to Iacchus.)*

O, come with the joy of thy festival song,  
O, come to the goddess, O, mix with our  
throng  
Untired, though the journey be never so  
long.  
O Lord of the frolic and dance,  
Iacchus, beside me advance!  
For fun, and for cheapness, our dress thou  
hast rent,

Through thee we may dance to the top of  
our bent,  
Reviling, and jeering, and none will resent.  
O Lord of the frolic and dance,  
Iacchus, beside me advance!  
A sweet pretty girl I observed in the show,  
Her robe had been torn in the scuffle, and lo,  
There peeped through the tatters a bosom of  
snow.  
O Lord of the frolic and dance,  
Iacchus, beside me advance!

**DIO.** Wouldn't I like to follow on, and try  
A little sport and dancing?

**XAN.** Wouldn't I?

*(The banter at the bridge of Cephisus.)*

**CHOR.** Shall we all a merry joke  
At Archedemus poke,  
Who has not cut his guildsmen yet, though  
seven years old;  
Yet up among the dead  
He is demagogue and head,  
And contrives the topmost place of the

rascaldom to hold?  
And Cleisthenes, they say, Is among the  
tombs all day,  
Bewailing for his lover with a lamentable  
whine.  
And Callias, I'm told,  
Has become a sailor bold,  
And casts a lion's hide o'er his members  
feminine.

**DIO.** Can any of you tell  
Where Pluto here may dwell,  
For we, sirs, are two strangers who were  
never here before?

**CHOR.** O, then no further stray,  
Nor again enquire the way,  
For know that ye have journeyed to his very  
entrance-door

**DIO.** Take up the wraps, my lad.

**XAN.** Now is not this too bad?  
Like "Zeus's Corinth," he "the wraps" keeps  
saying o'er and o'er.

**CHOR.** Now wheel your sacred dances  
through the glade with flowers bedight,  
All ye who are partakers of the holy festal  
rite;  
And I will with the women and the holy  
maidens go  
Where they keep the nightly vigil, an  
auspicious light to show.

*(The departure for the Thriasian Plain)*

Now haste we to the roses,  
And the meadows full of posies,  
Now haste we to the meadows  
In our own old way,  
In choral dances blending,  
In dances never ending,  
Which only for the holy  
The Destinies array.  
O happy mystic chorus,  
The blessed sunshine o'er us  
On us alone is smiling,  
In its soft sweet light:  
On us who strove for ever  
With holy, pure endeavour,

Alike by friend and stranger  
To guide our steps aright.

**DIO.** What's the right way to knock? I wonder  
how  
The natives here are wont to knock at doors.

**XAN.** No dawdling: taste the door. You've got,  
remember,  
The lion-hide and pride of Heracles.

**DIO.** Boy! boy!

**AEACUS.** Who's there?

**DIO.** I, Heracles the strong!

**AEAC.** O, you most shameless desperate  
ruffian, you!  
O, villain, villain, arrant vilest villain!  
Who seized our Cerberus by the throat, and  
fled,  
And ran, and rushed, and bolted, haling off  
The dog, my charge! But now I've got thee  
fast.  
So close the Styx's inky-hearted rock,

The blood-bedabbled peak of Acheron  
Shall hem thee in: the hell-hounds of  
    Cocytus  
Prowl round thee; whilst the  
    hundred-headed Asp  
Shall rive thy heart-strings: the Tartesian  
    Lamprey,  
Prey on thy lungs: and those Tithrasian  
    Gorgons  
Mangle and tear thy kidneys, mauling them,  
Entrails and all, into one bloody mash.  
I'll speed a running foot to fetch them hither.

**XAN.** Hallo! what now?

**DIO.** I've done it: call the god.

**XAN.** Get up, you laughing-stock; get up  
    directly, Before you're seen.

**DIO.** What, *I* get up? I'm fainting. Please dab a  
    sponge of water on my

**XAN.** Here!

**DIO.** Dab it, you.

**XAN.** Where? O, ye golden gods, Lies your heart *there*?

**DIO.** It got so terrified  
It fluttered down into my stomach's pit.

**XAN.** Cowardliest of gods and men!

**DIO.** The cowardliest? I? What I, who asked  
you for a sponge, a thing  
A coward never would have done!

**XAN.** What then?

**DIO.** A coward would have lain there  
wallowing;  
But I stood up, and wiped myself withal.

**XAN.** Poseidon! quite heroic.

**DIO.** 'Deed I think so. But weren't *you*  
frightened at those dreadful  
threats And shoutings?

**XAN.** Frightened? Not a bit. I cared not.

**DIO.** Come then, if you're so *very* brave a man,  
Will you be I, and take the hero's club

And lion's skin, since you're so monstrous  
plucky?

And I'll be now the slave, and bear the  
luggage.

**XAN.** Hand them across. I cannot choose but  
take them.

And now observe the Xanthio-heracles  
If I'm a coward and a sneak like you.

**DIO.** Nay, you're the rogue from Melite's own  
self.

And I'll pick up and carry on the traps.

**MAID.** O welcome, Heracles! come in,  
sweetheart.

My Lady, when they told her, set to work,  
Baked mighty loaves, boiled two or three  
tureens

Of lentil soup, roasted a prime ox whole,  
Made rolls and honey-cakes. So come along.

**XAN.** (*Declining.*) You are too kind.

**MAID.** I will not let you go. I will not *let* you!  
Why, she's stewing slices Of juicy  
bird's-flesh, and she's making comfits,



And tempering down her richest wine.  
Come, dear,  
Come along in.

**XAN.** (*Still declining.*) Pray thank her.

**MAID.** O you're jesting, I shall not let you off:  
there's such a lovely  
Flute-girl all ready, and we've two or three  
Dancing-girls also.

**XAN.** Eh! what! Dancing-girls?

**MAID.** Young budding virgins, freshly tired  
and trimmed.  
Come, dear, come in. The cook was dishing  
up  
The cutlets, and they are bringing in the  
tables.

**XAN.** Then go you in, and tell those  
dancing-girls  
Of whom you spake, I'm coming in  
Myself. Pick up the traps, my lad, and follow  
me.

**DIO.** Hi! stop! you're not in earnest, just

because I dressed you up, in fun, as  
Heracles? Come, don't keep fooling,  
Xanthias, but lift And carry in the traps  
yourself.

**XAN.** Why! what! You are never going to strip  
me of these togs  
You gave me!

**DIO.** Going to? No, I'm doing it now.  
Off with that lion-skin.

**XAN.** Bear witness all  
The gods shall judge between us.

**DIO.** Gods indeed! Why how could *you* (the  
vain and foolish thought!)  
A slave, a mortal, act Alcmena's son?

**XAN.** All right then, take them; maybe, if God  
will,  
You'll soon require my services again.

**CHOR.** This is the part of a dexterous clever  
Man with his wits about him ever,  
One who has travelled the world to see;  
Always to shift, and to keep through all

Close to the sunny side of the wall;  
Not like a pictured block to be,  
Standing always in one position;  
Nay but to veer, with expedition,  
And ever to catch the favouring breeze,  
This is the part of a shrewd tactician,  
This is to be a—*Theramenes!*

**DIO.** Truly an exquisite joke 'twould be,  
Him with a dancing girl to see,  
Lolling at ease on Milesian rugs;  
Me, like a slave, beside him standing,  
Aught that he wants to his lordship handing;  
Then as the damsel fair he hugs,  
Seeing me all on fire to embrace her,  
He would perchance (for there's no man  
    baser),  
Turning him round like a lazy lout,  
Straight on my mouth deliver a facer,  
Knocking my ivory choirmen out.

**HOSTESS.** O Plathane! Plathane!  
Here's that naughty man,  
That's he who got into our tavern once,  
And ate up sixteen loaves.

**PLATHANE.** O, so he is! The very man.

**XAN.** Bad luck for somebody!

**HOS.** O and, besides, those twenty bits of stew,  
Half-obol pieces.

**XAN.** Somebody's going to catch it!

**HOS.** That garlic too.

**DIO.** Woman, you're talking nonsense.  
You don't know what you're saying.

**HOS.** O, you thought I shouldn't know you  
with your buskins on!  
Ah, and I've not yet mentioned all that fish,  
No, nor the new-made cheese: he gulped it  
down,  
Baskets and all, unlucky that we were.  
And when I just alluded to the price,  
He looked so fierce, and bellowed like a bull.

**XAN.** Yes, that's his way: that's what he  
always does.

**HOS.** O, and he drew his sword, and seemed  
quite mad.

**PLA.** O, that he did.

**HOS.** And terrified us so  
We sprang up to the cockloft, she and I.  
Then out he hurled, decamping with the  
rugs.

**XAN.** That's his way too; but something must  
be done.

**HOS.** Quick, run and call my patron Cleon  
here!

**PLA.** O, if you meet him, call Hyperbolus!  
We'll pay you out to-day.

**HOS.** O filthy throat, O how I'd like to take a  
stone, and hack  
Those grinders out with which you chawed  
my wares.

**PLA.** I'd like to pitch you in the deadman's pit.

**HOS.** I'd like to get a reaping-hook and scoop  
That gullet out with which you gorged my  
tripe.  
But I'll to Cleon: he'll soon serve his writs;

He'll twist it out of you to-day, he will.

**DRO.** Perdition seize me, if I don't love  
Xanthias.

**XAN.** Aye, aye, I know your drift: stop, stop  
that talking.  
I won't be Heracles.

**DRO.** O, don't say so, Dear, darling Xanthias.

**XAN.** Why, how can I, A slave, a mortal, act  
Alcmena's son!

**DRO.** Aye, aye, I know you are vexed, and I  
deserve it,  
And if you pummel me, I won't complain.  
But if I strip you of these togs again,  
Perdition seize myself, my wife, my children,  
And, most of all, that blear-eyed  
Archedemus.

**XAN.** That oath contents me: on those terms I  
take them.

**CHOR.** Now that at last you appear once more,  
Wearing the garb that at first you wore,

Wielding the club and the tawny skin,  
Now it is yours to be up and doing,  
Glaring like mad, and your youth renewing,  
Mindful of him whose guise you are in.  
If, when caught in a bit of a scrape, you  
Suffer a word of alarm to escape you,  
Showing yourself but a feckless knave,  
Then will your master at once undrape you,  
Then you'll again be the toiling slave.

**XAN.** There, I admit, you have given to me a  
Capital hint, and the like idea,  
Friends, had occurred to myself before.  
Truly if anything good befell  
He would be wanting, I know full well,  
Wanting to take to the togs once more.  
Nevertheless, while in these I'm vested,  
Ne'er shall you find me craven-crested,  
No, for a dittany look I'll wear,  
Aye and methinks it will soon be tested,  
Hark! how the portals are rustling there.

**AEAC.** Seize the dog-stealer, bind him, pinion  
him,  
Drag him to justice!

**DIO.** Somebody's going to catch it.

**XAN.** (*Striking out.*) Hands off! get away! stand back!

**ABAC.** Eh? You're for fighting. Ho! Ditylas,  
Sceblyas, and Pardocas,  
Come hither, quick; fight me this sturdy  
knave.

**DIO.** Now isn't it a shame the man should  
strike  
And he a thief besides?

**AEAC.** A monstrous shame!

**DIO.** A regular burning shame!

**XAN.** By the Lord Zeus,  
If ever I was here before, if ever  
I stole one hair's-worth from you, let me die!  
And now I'll make you a right noble offer,  
Arrest my lad: torture him as you will,  
And if you find I'm guilty, take and kill me.

**AEAC.** Torture him, how?

**XAN.** In any mode you please.



Pile bricks upon him: stuff his nose with  
acid:

Flay, rack him, hoist him; flog him with a  
scourge

Of prickly bristles: only not with this,  
A soft-leaved onion, or a tender leek.

**AEAC.** A fair proposal. If I strike too hard  
And maim the boy, I'll make you  
compensation.

**XAN.** I shan't require it.  
Take him out and flog him.

**ABAC.** Nay, but I'll do it here before your eyes.  
Now then, put down the traps, and mind  
you speak  
The truth, young fellow.

**DIO.** (*In agony.*) Man! don't torture *me!*  
I am a god. You'll blame yourself hereafter  
If you touch *me.*

**AEAC.** Hillo! What's that you are saying?

**DIO.** I say I'm Bacchus, son of Zeus, a god,  
Anid *he's* the slave.

**AEAC.** You hear him?

**XAN.** Hear him? Yes.

All the more reason you should flog him  
well.

For if he is a god, he won't perceive it.

**DIO.** Well, but you say that you're a god  
yourself.

So why not *you* be flogged as well as I?

**XAN.** A fair proposal. And be this the test,  
Whichever of us two you first behold  
Flinching or crying out—he's not the god.

**AEAC.** Upon my word you're quite the  
gentleman,  
You're all for right and justice. Strip then,  
both.

**XAN.** How can you test us fairly?

**AEAC.** Easily, I'll give you blow for blow.

**XAN.** A good idea. We're ready! Now!  
(*Aeacus strikes him*), see if you catch me  
flinching.

**AEAC.** I struck you.

**XAN.** (*Incredulously.*) No!

**ABAC.** Well, it seems "no," indeed.

Now then I'll strike the other (*Strikes DIO.*).

**DIO.** Tell me when?

**AEAC.** I struck you.

**DIO.** Struck me? Then why didn't I sneeze?

**AEAC.** Don't know, I'm sure. I'll try the other again.

**XAN.** And quickly too. Good gracious!

**AEAC.** Why "good gracious"? Not hurt you, did I?

**XAN.** No, I merely thought of The Diomeian feast of Heracles.

**AEAC.** A holy man! 'Tis now the other's turn.

**DIO.** Hi! Hi!

**AEAC.** Hallo!

**DIO.** Look at those horsemen, look!

**AEAC.** But why these tears?

**DIO.** There's such a smell of onions.

**AEAC.** Then you don't mind it?

**DIO.** (*Cheerfully.*) Mind it? Not a bit.

**AEAC.** Well, I must go to the other one again.

**XAN.** O! O!

**AEAC.** Hallo!

**XAN.** Do pray pull out this thorn.

**AEAC.** What does it mean? 'Tis this one's turn  
again.

**DIO.** (*Shrieking.*) Apollo! Lord! (*Calmly*) of  
Delos and of Pytho.

**XAN.** He flinched! You heard him?

**DIO.** Not at all; a jolly  
Verse of Hipponax flashed across my mind.

**XAN.** You don't half do it: cut his flanks to pieces.

**AEAC.** By Zeus, well thought on. Turn your belly here.

**DIO.** (*Screaming.*) Poseidon!

**XAN.** There! he's flinching.

**DIO.** (*Singing*) who dost reign  
Amongst the Aegean peaks and creeks  
And o'er the deep blue main.

**AEAC.** No, by Demeter, still I can't find out  
Which is the god, but come ye both indoors;  
My lord himself and Persephassa there,  
Being gods themselves, will soon find out  
the truth.

**DIO.** Right! right! I only wish you had thought  
of that  
Before you gave me those tremendous  
whacks.

**CHOR.**

Come, Muse, to our Mystical Chorus, O  
    come to the joy of my song,  
O see on the benches before us that countless  
    and wonderful throng,  
Where wits by the thousand abide, with  
    more than a Cleophon's pride—  
On the lips of that foreigner base, of Athens  
    the bane and disgrace,  
There is shrieking, his kinsman by race,  
The garrulous swallow of Thrace;  
From that perch of exotic descent,  
Rejoicing her sorrow to vent,  
She pours to her spirit's content, a  
    nightingale's woeful lament,  
That e'en though the voting be equal, his  
    ruin will soon be the sequel.

Well it suits the holy Chorus evermore with  
    counsel wise  
To exhort and teach the city: this we  
    therefore now advise—  
End the townsmen's apprehensions;  
    equalize the rights of all;  
If by Phrynichus's wrestlings some  
    perchance sustained a fall,

Yet to these 'tis surely open, having put  
away their sin,  
For their slips and vacillations pardon at  
your hands to win.  
Give your brethren back their franchise.  
Sin and shame it were that slaves,  
Who have once with stern devotion fought  
your battle on the waves,  
Should be straightway lords and masters,  
yea Plataeans fully blown—  
Not that this deserves our censure; there I  
praise you; there alone  
Has the city, in her anguish, policy and  
wisdom shown—  
Nay but these, of old accustomed on our  
ships to fight and win,  
(They, their father too before them), these  
our very kith and kin,  
You should likewise, when they ask you,  
pardon for their single sin.  
O by nature best and wisest, O relax your  
jealous ire,  
Let us all the world as kinsfolk and as  
citizens acquire,

All who on our ships will battle well and  
bravely by our side  
If we cocker up our city, narrowing her with  
senseless pride  
Now when she is rocked and reeling in the  
cradles of the sea,  
Here again will after ages deem we acted  
brainlessly.

And O if I'm able to scan the habits and life  
of a man  
Who shall rue his iniquities soon! not long  
shall that little baboon,  
That Cleigenes shifty and small, the  
wickedest bathman of all  
Who are lords of the earth—which is brought  
from the isle of  
Cimolus, and wrought  
With nitre and lye into soap—  
Not long shall he vex us, I hope.  
And this the unlucky one knows,  
Yet ventures a peace to oppose,  
And being addicted to blows he carries a  
stick as he goes,  
Lest while he is tipsy and reeling, some



robber his cloak should be  
stealing.

Often has it crossed my fancy, that the city  
loves to deal  
With the very best and noblest members of  
her commonweal,  
Just as with our ancient coinage, and the  
newly-minted gold.  
Yea for these, our sterling pieces, all of pure  
Athenian mould,  
All of perfect die and metal, all the fairest of  
the fair,  
All of workmanship unequalled, proved and  
valued every-where

Both amongst our own Hellenes and  
Barbarians far away,  
These we use not: but the worthless  
pinchbeck coins of yesterday,  
Vilest die and basest metal, now we always  
use instead.  
Even so, our sterling townsmen, nobly born  
and nobly bred,  
Men of worth and rank and metal, men of

honourable fame,  
Trained in every liberal science, choral dance  
and manly game,  
These we treat with scorn and insult, but the  
strangers newliest come,  
Worthless sons of worthless fathers,  
pinchbeck townsmen, yellowy scum,  
Whom in earlier days the city hardly would  
have stooped to use  
Even for her scapegoat victims, these for  
every task we choose.  
O unwise and foolish people, yet to mend  
your ways begin;  
Use again the good and useful: so hereafter,  
if ye win  
'Twill be due to this your wisdom: if ye fall,  
at least 'twill be  
Not a fall that brings dishonour, falling from  
a worthy tree.

**AEAC.** By Zeus the Saviour, quite the  
gentleman  
Your master is.

**XAN.** Gentleman? I believe you.

He's all for wine and women, is my master.

**AEAC.** But not to have flogged you, when the  
truth came out  
That you, the slave, were passing off as  
master!

**XAN.** He'd get the worst of that.

**AEAC.** Bravo! that's spoken  
Like a true slave: that's what I love myself.

**XAN.** You love it, do you?

**AEAC.** Love it? I'm entranced  
When I can curse my lord behind his back.

**XAN.** How about grumbling, when you have  
felt the stick,  
And scurry out of doors?

**AEAC.** That's jolly too.

**XAN.** How about prying?

**AEAC.** That beats everything!

**XAN.** Great Kin-god Zeus!

And what of overhearing  
Your master's secrets?

**AEAC.** What? I'm mad with joy.

**XAN.** And blabbing them abroad?

**AEAC.** O heaven and earth!  
When I do that, I can't contain myself.

**XAN.** Phoebus Apollo! clap your hand in mine,  
Kiss and be kissed: and prithee tell me this,  
Tell me by Zeus, our rascaldom's own god,  
What's all that noise within?  
What means this hubbub And row?

**AEAC.** That's Aeschylus and Euripides.

**XAN.** Eh?

**AEAC.** Wonderful, wonderful things are going  
on.  
The dead are rioting, taking different sides.

**XAN.** Why, what's the matter?

**AEAC.** There's a custom here  
With all the crafts, the good and noble crafts,

That the chief master of his art in each  
Shall have his dinner in the assembly hall,  
And sit by Pluto's side.

**XAN.** I understand.

**AEAC.** Until another comes, more wise than he  
In the same art: then must the first give way.

**XAN.** And how has this disturbed our  
Aeschylus?

**AEAC.** 'Twas he that occupied the tragic chair,  
As, in his craft, the noblest.

**XAN.** Who does now?

**AEAC.** But when Euripides came down, he  
kept  
Flourishing off before the highwaymen,  
Thieves, burglars, parricides—these form our  
mob  
In Hades—till with listening to his twists  
And turns, and pleas and counterpleas, they  
went  
Mad on the man, and hailed him first and  
wisest:

Elate with this, he claimed the tragic chair  
Where Aeschylus was seated.

XAN. Wasn't he pelted?

AEAC. Not he: the populace clamoured out to  
try  
Which of the twain was wiser in his art.

XAN. You mean the rascals?

AEAC. Aye, as high as heaven!

XAN. But were there none to side with  
Aeschylus?

AEAC. Scanty and sparse the good,  
(*Regards the audience*) the same as here.

XAN. And what does Pluto now propose to  
do?

AEAC. He means to hold a tournament, and  
bring  
Their tragedies to the proof.

XAN. But Sophocles, How came not he to  
claim the tragic chair?

**AEAC.** Claim it? Not he! When *he* came down,  
he kissed  
With reverence Aeschylus, and clasped his  
hand,  
And yielded willingly the chair to him.  
But now he's going, says Cleidemides,  
To sit third-man: and then if Aeschylus win,  
He'll stay content: if not, for his art's sake,  
He'll fight to the death against Euripides.

**XAN.** Will it come off?

**AEAC.** O yes, by Zeus, directly.  
And then, I hear, will wonderful things be  
done,  
The art poetic will be weighed in scales.

**XAN.** What! weigh out tragedy, like butcher's  
meat?

**AEAC.** Levels they'll bring, and  
measuring-tapes for words,  
And moulded oblongs.

**XAN.** Is it bricks they are making?

**AEAC.** Wedges and compasses: for Euripides

Vows that he'll test the dramas, word by  
word.

**XAN.** Aeschylus chafes at this, I fancy.

**AEAC.** Well, He lowered his brows, upglaring  
like a bull.

**XAN.** And who's to be the judge?

**AEAC.** There came the rub.

Skilled men were hard to find: for with the  
Athenians  
Aeschylus, somehow, did not hit it off.

**XAN.** Too many burglars, I expect, he thought.

**AEAC.** And all the rest, he said, were trash and  
nonsense

To judge poetic wits. So then at last  
They chose your lord, an expert in the art.  
But go we in: for when our lords are bent  
On urgent business, that means blows for us.

**CHOR.** O surely with terrible wrath will the  
thunder-voiced monarch be filled,



When he sees his opponent beside him, the  
tonguester, the artifice-skilled,  
Stand, whetting his tusks for the fight!  
O surely, his eyes rolling-fell  
Will with terrible madness be fraught!  
O then will be charging of plume-waving  
words with their wild-floating mane,  
And then will be whirling of splinters, and  
phrases smoothed down with the plane,  
When the man would the grand-stepping  
maxims, the language gigantic, repel  
Of the hero-creator of thought.  
There will his shaggy-born crest upbristle for  
anger and woe,  
Horribly frowning and growling, his fury  
will launch at the foe  
Huge-clamped masses of words, with  
exertion  
Titanic up-tearing Great ship-timber planks  
for the fray.  
But here will the tongue be at work,  
uncoiling, word-testing refining,  
Sophist-creator of phrases, dissecting,  
detracting, maligning,

Shaking the envious bits, and with subtle  
analysis paring  
The lung's large labour away.

**EURIPIDES.** Don't talk to me;  
I won't give up the chair,  
I say I am better in the art than he.

**DIO.** You hear him, Aeschylus: why don't you  
speak?

**EUR.** He'll do the grand at first, the juggling  
trick  
He used to play in all his tragedies.

**DIO.** Come, my fine fellow, pray don't talk too  
big.

**EUR.** I know the man, I've scanned him  
through and through,  
A savage-creating stubborn-pulling fellow,  
Uncurbed, unfettered, uncontrolled of  
speech,  
Unperiphrastic, bombastiloquent.

**AESCHYLUS.** Hah! sayest thou so, child of the  
garden quean!

And this to *me*, thou  
chatterer-babble-collector,  
Thou pauper-creating  
rags-and-patches-stitcher?  
Thou shalt abye it dearly!

**DIO.** Pray, be still; Nor heat thy soul to fury,  
Aeschylus.

**AESCH.** Not till I've made you see the sort of  
man  
This cripple-maker is who crows so loudly.

**DIO.** Bring out a ewe, a black-fleeced ewe, my  
boys:  
Here's a typhoon about to burst upon us.

**AESCH.** Thou picker-up of Cretan monodies,  
Foisting thy tales of incest on the stage—

**DIO.** Forbear, forbear, most honoured  
Aeschylus;  
And you, my poor Euripides, begone  
If you are wise, out of this pitiless hail,  
Lest with some heady word he crack your  
skull

And batter out your brain-less Telephus.  
!:And not with passion. Aeschylus, but  
calmly  
!:Test and be tested. 'Tis not meet for poets  
To scold each other, like two baking-girls.  
But you go roaring like an oak on fire.

**EUR.** I'm ready, I!  
I don't draw back one bit.  
I'll lash or, if he will, let him lash first  
The talk, the lays, the sinews of a play:  
Aye and my Peleus, aye and Aeolus,  
And Meleager, aye and Telephus.

**DIO.** And what do *you* propose? Speak,  
Aeschylus.

**AESCH.** I could have wished to meet him  
otherwhere.  
We fight not here on equal terms.

**DIO.** Why not?

**AESCH.** My poetry survived me: his died with  
him:  
He's got it here, all handy to recite.

Howbeit, if so you wish it, so we'll have it.

**DIO.** O bring me fire, and bring me  
frankincense.

I'll pray, or e'er the clash of wits begin,  
To judge the strife with high poetic skill.  
Meanwhile (*To the Chorus*) invoke the Muses  
with a song.

**CHOR.** O Muses, the daughters divine of  
Zeus, the immaculate Nine,  
Who gaze from your mansions serene on  
intellects subtle and keen,  
When down to the tournament lists, in  
bright-polished wit they descend,  
With wrestling and turnings and twists in  
the battle of words to contend,  
O come and behold what the two antagonist  
poets can do,  
Whose mouths are the swiftest to teach  
grand language and filings of speech:  
For now of their wits is the sternest  
encounter commencing in earnest.

**DIO.** Ye two, put up your prayers before ye  
start.

**AESCH.** Demeter, mistress, nourisher of my  
soul,  
O make me worthy of thy mystic rites!

**DIO.** (*To Eur.*) Now put on incense, you.

**EUR.** Excuse me, no;  
My vows are paid to other gods than these.

**DIO.** What, a new coinage of your own?

**EUR.** Precisely.

**DIO.** Pray then to them, those private gods of  
yours.

**EUR.** Ether, my pasture, volubly-rolling  
tongue,  
Intelligent wit and critic nostrils keen,  
O well and neatly may I trounce his plays!

**CHOR.** We also are yearning from these to be  
learning  
Some stately measure, some majestic grand  
Movement telling of conflicts nigh.  
Now for battle arrayed they stand,  
Tongues embittered, and anger high.

Each has got a venturesome will,  
Each an eager and nimble mind;  
One will wield, with artistic skill,  
Clearcut phrases, and wit refined;  
Then the other, with words defiant,  
Stern and strong, like an angry giant  
Laying on with uprooted trees,  
Soon will scatter a world of these  
Superscholastic subtleties.

**DIO.**

Now then, commence your arguments, and  
mind you both display  
True wit, not metaphors, nor things which  
any fool could say.

**EUR.** As for myself, good people all, I'll tell  
you by-and-by  
My own poetic worth and claims; but first of  
all I'll try  
To show how this portentous quack beguiled  
the silly fools  
Whose tastes were nurtured, ere he came, in  
Phrynichus's schools.  
He'd bring some single mourner on, seated

and veiled, 'twould be  
Achilles, say, or Niobe—the face you could  
not see—  
An empty show of tragic woe, who uttered  
not one thing.

**DIO.** Tis true.

**EUR.** Then in the Chorus came, and rattled off  
a string  
Of four continuous lyric odes: the mourner  
never stirred.

**DIO.** I liked it too.  
I sometimes think that I those mutes  
preferred  
To all your chatterers now-a-days.

**EUR.** Because, if you must know,  
You were an ass.

**DIO.** An ass, no doubt: what made him do it  
though?

**EUR.** That was his quackery, don't you see, to  
set the audience guessing



When Niobe would speak; meanwhile, the  
drama was progressing.

**DIO.** The rascal, how he took me in! 'Twas  
shameful, was it not?

(*To Aesch.*) What makes you stamp and  
fidget so?

**EUR.** He's catching it so hot.

So when he had humbugged thus awhile,  
and now his wretched play

Was halfway through, a dozen words, great  
wild-bull words, he'd say,

Fierce Bugaboos, with bristling crests, and  
shaggy eyebrows too,

Which not a soul could understand.

**AESCH.** O heavens!

**DIO.** Be quiet, do.

**EUR.** But not one single word was clear.

**DIO.** St! don't your teeth be gnashing.

**EUR.** 'Twas all Scamanders, moated camps,  
and griffin-eagles flashing

In burnished copper on the shields,  
chivalric-precipice-high  
Expressions, hard to comprehend.

**DIO.** Aye, by the Powers, and I  
Full many a sleepless night have spent in  
anxious thought, because  
I'd find the tawny cock-horse out, what sort  
of bird it was!

**AESCH.** It was a sign, you stupid dolt,  
engraved the ships upon.

**DIO.** Eryxis I supposed it was, Philoxenus's  
son.

**EUR.** Now really should a cock be brought into  
a tragic play?

**AESCH.** You enemy of gods and men, what  
was *your* practice, pray?

**EUR.** No cock-horse in *my* plays, by Zeus, no  
goat-stag there you'll see,  
Such figures as are blazoned forth in Median  
tapestry.

When first I took the art from you, bloated  
and swoln, poor thing,  
With turgid gasconading words and heavy  
dieting,  
First I reduced and toned her down, and  
made her slim and neat  
With wordlets and with exercise and  
poultices of beet,  
And next a dose of chatterjuice, distilled  
from books, I gave her,  
And monodies she took, with sharp  
Cephisophon for flavour.  
I never used haphazard words, or plunged  
abruptly in;  
Who entered first explained at large the  
drama's origin  
And source.

**DIO.** Its source, I really trust, was better than  
your own.

**EUR.** Then from the very opening lines no  
idleness was shown;  
The mistress talked with all her might, the  
servant talked as much,

The master talked, the maiden talked, the  
beldame talked.

**AESCH.** For such an outrage was not death  
your due?

**EUR.** No, by Apollo, no: That was my  
democratic way.

**DIO.** Ah, let that topic go. Your record is not  
there, my friend, particularly good.

**EUR.** Then next I taught all these to speak.

**AESCH.** You did so, and I would  
That ere such mischief you had wrought,  
your very lungs had split.

**EUR.** Canons of verse I introduced, and neatly  
chiselled wit;  
To look, to scan: to plot, to plan: to twist, to  
turn, to woo:  
On all to spy; in all to pry.

**AESCH.** You did: I say so too.

**EUR.** I showed them scenes of common life,  
the things we know and see,

Where any blunder would at once by all  
detected be.

I never blustered on, or took their breath and  
wits away

By Cycnuses or Memnons clad in terrible  
array,

With bells upon their horses' heads, the  
audience to dismay.

Look at *his* pupils, look at mine: and there  
the contrast view.

Uncouth Megaenetus is his, and rough  
Phormisius too;

Great long-beard-lance-and-trumpet-men,  
flesh-tearers with the pine:

But natty smart Theramenes, and Cleitophon  
are mine.

**DIO.** Theramenes? a clever man and  
wonderfully sly:

Immerse him in a flood of ills, he'll soon be  
high and dry,

"A Kian with a kappa, sir, not Chian with a  
chi."

**EUR.** I taught them all these knowing ways

By chopping logic in my plays,  
 And making all my speakers try  
 To reason out the How and Why.  
 So now the people trace the springs,  
 The sources and the roots of things,  
 And manage all their households too  
 Far better than they used to do,  
 Scanning and searching *What's amiss?*  
 And, *Why was that? And, How is this?*

**DIO.** Ay, truly, never now a man  
 Comes home, but he begins to scan;  
 And to his household loudly cries,  
*Why, where's my pitcher? What's the matter?*  
*'Tis dead and gone my last year's platter.*  
*Who gnawed these olives? Bless the sprat,*  
*Who nibbled off the head of that?*  
*And where's the garlic vanished, pray,*  
*I purchased only yesterday?*  
 –Whereas, of old, our stupid youths  
 Would sit, with open mouths and eyes,  
 Like any dull-brained Mammacouths.

**CHOR.** "All this thou beholdest, Achilles our  
 boldest."

And what wilt thou reply?  
Draw tight the rein  
Lest that fiery soul of thine  
Whirl thee out of the listed plain,  
Past the olives, and o'er the line.  
Dire and grievous the charge he brings.  
See thou answer him, noble heart,  
Not with passionate bickerings.  
Shape thy course with a sailor's art,  
Reef the canvas, shorten the sails,  
Shift them edgewise to shun the gales.  
When the breezes are soft and low,  
Then, well under control, you'll go  
Quick and quicker to strike the foe.  
O first of all the Hellenic bards high  
    loftily-towering verse to rear,  
And tragic phrase from the dust to raise,  
    pour forth thy fountain with right good  
cheer.

**AESCH.** My wrath is hot at this vile  
    mischance, and my spirit revolts at the  
    thought that I  
Must bandy words with a fellow like *him*:

but lest he should vaunt that I can't  
reply—

Come, tell me what are the points for which  
a noble poet our praise obtains.

**EUR.** For his ready wit, and his counsels sage,  
and because the citizen folk he trains  
To be better townsmen and worthier men.

**AESCH.** If then you have done the very  
reverse,  
Found noble-hearted and virtuous men, and  
altered them, each and all, for the worse,  
Pray what is the need you deserve to get?

**DIO.** Nay, ask not *him*. He deserves to die.

**AESCH.** For just consider what style of men he  
received from me, great six-foot-high  
Heroical souls, who never would blench  
from a townsman's duties in peace or  
war;  
Not idle loafers, or low buffoons, or rascally  
scamps such as now they are.  
But men who were breathing spears and  
helms, and the snow-white plume in its



crested pride

The greave, and the dart, and the warrior's  
heart in its seven-fold casing of tough  
bull-hide.

**DIO.** He'll stun me, I know, with his  
armoury-work; this business is going  
from bad to worse.

**EUR.** And how did you manage to make them  
so grand, exalted, and brave with your  
wonderful verse?

**DIO.** Come, Aeschylus, answer, and don't  
stand mute in your self-willed pride and  
arrogant spleen.

**AESCH.** A drama I wrote with the War-god  
filled.

**DIO.** Its name?

**AESCH.** 'Tis the "Seven against Thebes" that I  
mean.

Which who so beheld, with eagerness  
swelled to rush to the battlefield there  
and then.

**DIO.** O that was a scandalous thing you did!  
You have made the Thebans mightier men,  
More eager by far for the business of war.  
Now, therefore, receive this punch on the  
head.

**AESCH.** Ah, *ye* might have practised the same  
yourselves, but ye turned to other  
pursuits instead.  
Then next the "Persians" I wrote, in praise of  
the noblest deed that the world can show,  
And each man longed for the victor's  
wreath, to fight and to vanquish his  
country's foe.

**DIO.** I was pleased, I own, when I heard their  
moan for old Darius, their great king,  
dead;  
When they smote together their hands, like  
this, and *Evir alake* the Chorus said.

**AESCH.** Aye, such are the poet's appropriate  
works: and just consider how all along  
From the very first they have wrought you  
good, the noble bards, the masters of  
song.

First, Orpheus taught you religious rites, and  
from bloody murder to stay your hands:  
Musaeus healing and oracle lore; and Hesiod  
all the culture of lands,

The time to gather, the time to plough. And  
gat not Homer his glory divine  
By singing of valour, and honour, and right,  
and the sheen of the battle-extended line,  
The ranging of troops and the arming of  
men?

**DIO.** O ay, but he didn't teach *that*, I opine,  
To Pantacles; when he was leading the show  
I couldn't imagine what he was at,  
He had fastened his helm on the top of his  
head, he was trying to fasten his plume  
upon that.

**AESCH.** But others, many and brave, he  
taught, of whom was Lamachus, hero  
true;  
And thence my spirit the impress took, and  
many a lion-heart chief I drew,  
Parocluses, Teucers, illustrious names; for I  
fain the citizen-folk would spur

To stretch themselves to *their* measure and height, when-ever the trumpet of war they hear.

But Phaedras and Stheneboeas? No! no harlotry business deformed my plays. And none can say that ever I drew a love sick woman in all my days.

**EUR.** For *you* no lot or portion had got in Queen Aphrodite.

**AESCH.** Thank Heaven for that. But ever on you and yours, my friend, the mighty goddess mightily sat; Yourself she cast to the ground at last.

**DIO.** O ay, that came uncommonly pat. You showed how cuckolds are made, and lo, you were struck yourself by the very same fate.

**EUR.** But say, you cross-grained censor of mine, how *my* Stheneboeas could harm the state.

**AESCH.** Full many a noble dame, the wife of a noble citizen, hemlock took,

And died, unable the shame and sin of your  
Bellerophon scenes to brook.

**EUR.** Was then, I wonder, the tale I told of  
Phaedra's passionate love untrue?

**AESCH.** Not so: but tales of incestuous vice  
the sacred poet should hide from view,  
Nor ever exhibit and blazon forth on the  
public stage to the public ken.  
For boys a teacher at school is found, but we,  
the poets, are teachers of men.  
We are *bound* things honest and pure to  
speak.

**EUR.** And to speak great Lycabettuses, pray,  
And massive blocks of Parnassian rocks, is  
*that* things honest and pure to say?  
In human fashion we ought to speak.

**AESCH.** Alas, poor witling, and can't you see  
That for mighty thoughts and heroic aims,  
the words themselves must appropriate  
be?  
And grander belike on the ear should strike  
the speech of heroes and godlike powers,

Since even the robes that invest their limbs  
are statelier, grander robes than ours.

Such was *my* plan: but when *you* began, you  
spoilt and degraded it all.

**EUR.** How so?

**AESCH.** Your kings in tatters and rags you  
dressed, and brought them on, a beggarly  
show,

To move, forsooth, our pity and ruth.

**EUR.** And what was the harm, I should like to  
know.

**AESCH.** No more will a wealthy citizen now  
equip for the state a galley !:of war.

He wraps his limbs in tatters and rags, and  
whines *he is poor, too poor by far*.

**DIO.** But under his rags he is wearing a vest,  
as woolly and soft as a man could wish.

Let him gull the state, and he's off to the  
mart; an eager, extravagant buyer of fish.

**AESCH.** Moreover to prate, to harangue, to  
debate, is now the ambition of all in the

state.

Each exercise-ground is in consequence  
found deserted and empty: to evil repute  
Your lessons have brought our youngsters,  
and taught our sailors to challenge,  
discuss, and refute  
The orders they get from their captains and  
yet, when *I* was alive,  
I protest that the knaves  
Knew nothing at all, save for rations' to call,  
and to sing "Rhyppapae" as they pulled  
through the waves.

**DIO.** And bedad to let fly from their sterns in  
the eye of the fellow who tugged at the  
undermost oar,  
And a jolly young messmate with filth to  
besmirch, and to land for a filching  
adventure ashore;  
But now they harangue, and dispute, and  
won't row, And idly and aimlessly float  
to and fro.

**AESCH.** Of what ills is he *not* the creator and  
cause?

Consider the scandalous scenes that he  
draws,  
His bawds, and his panders, his women who  
give  
Give birth in the sacredest shrine,  
Whilst others with brothers are wedded and  
bedded,  
And others opine  
That "not to be living" is truly "to live."  
And therefore our city is swarming to-day  
With clerks and with demagogue-monkeys,  
who play  
Their jackanape tricks at all times, in all  
places,  
Deluding the people of Athens; but none  
Has training enough in athletics to run  
With the torch in his hand at the races.

**DIO.** By the Powers, you are right! At the  
Panathenaea  
I laughed till I felt like a potsherd to see a  
Pale, paunchy young gentleman pounding  
along,  
With his head butting forward, the last of the  
throng,



In the direst of straits; and behold at the  
gates,  
The Ceramites flapped him, and smacked  
him, and slapped him,  
In the ribs, and the loin, and the flank, and  
the groin,  
And still, as they spanked him, he puffed  
and he panted,  
Till at one mighty cuff, he discharged such a  
puff  
That he blew out his torch and levanted.

**CHOR.** Dread the battle, and stout the combat,  
mighty and manifold looms the war.  
Hard to decide in the fight they're waging,  
One like a stormy tempest raging,  
One alert in the rally and skirmish, clever to  
parry and foin and spar.  
Nay but don't be content to sit  
Always in one position only: many the fields  
for your keen-edged wit.  
On then, wrangle in every way,  
Argue, battle, be flayed and flay,  
Old and new from your stores display,

Yea, and strive with venturesome daring  
something subtle and neat to say.

Fear ye this, that to-day's spectators lack the  
grace of artistic lore,

Lack the knowledge they need for taking  
All the points ye will soon be making?

Fear it not: the alarm is groundless: that, be  
sure, is the case no more.

All have fought the campaign ere this:

Each a book of the words is holding; never a  
single point they'll miss.

Bright their natures, and now, I ween,  
Newly whetted, and sharp, and keen.

Dread not any defect of wit,

Battle away without misgiving, sure that the  
audience, at least, are fit.

**EUR.** Well then I'll turn me to your prologues  
now,

Beginning first to test the first beginning

**OF** this fine poet's plays. Why he's obscure  
Even in the enunciation of the facts.

**DIO.** Which of them will you test?

**EUR.** Many: but first give as that famous one  
from the Oresteia.

**DIO.** St! Silence all! Now, Aeschylus, begin.

**AESCH.** Grave Hermes, witnessing a father's  
power.

Be thou my saviour and mine aid to-day, For  
here I come and hither I return.

**DIO.** Any fault there?

**EUR.** A dozen faults and more.

**DIO.** Eh! why the lines are only three in all.

**EUR.** But every one contains a score of faults.

**DIO.** Now Aeschylus, keep silent; if you don't  
You won't get off with three iambic lines.

**AESCH.** Silent for *him!*

**DIO.** If *my* advice you'll take.

**EUR.** Why, at first starting here's a fault sky  
high.

**AESCH.** (*To Dio.*) You see your folly.

**DIO.** Have your way; I care not.

**AESCH.** (*To Eur.*) What is my fault?

**EUR.** Begin the lines again.

**AESCH.** Grave Hermes, witnessing a father's  
power—

**EUR.** And this beside his murdered father's  
grave Orestes speaks?

**AESCH.** I say not otherwise.

**EUR.** Then does he mean that when his father  
fell  
By craft and violence at a woman's hand,  
The god of craft was witnessing the deed?

**AESCH.** It was not he: it was the Helper  
Hermes  
He called the grave: and this he showed by  
adding  
It was his sire's prerogative he held.

**EUR.** Why this is worse than all. If from his  
father  
He held this office grave, why then—

**DIO.** He was A graveyard rifler on his father's side.

**AESCH.** Bacchus, the wine you drink is stale and fusty.

**DIO.** Give him another: (*To Eur.*) you, look out for faults.

**AESCH.** *Be thou my saviour and mine aid to-day,  
For here I come, and hither I return.*

**EUR.** The same thing twice says clever Aeschylus.

**DIO.** How twice?

EUR. Why, just consider: I'll explain. "I come," says he; and "I return," says he: It's the same thing, to "come" and to "return."

**DIO.** Aye, just as if you said, "Good fellow, lend me  
A kneading trough: likewise, a trough to knead in."

**AESCH.** It is not so, you everlasting talker,

They're not the same, the words are right  
enough.

**DIO.** How so? inform me how you use the  
words.

**AESCH.** A man, not banished from his home,  
may "come"  
To any land, with no especial chance.  
A home-bound exile both "returns" and  
"comes."

**DIO.** O good, by Apollo! What do you say,  
Euripides, to that?

**EUR.** I say Orestes never did "return." He came  
in secret: nobody recalled him.

**DIO.** O good, by Hermes! (*Aside.*) I've not the  
least suspicion what he means.

**EUR.** Repeat another line.

**DIO.** Ay, Aeschylus, Repeat one instantly: *you*,  
mark what's wrong.

**AESCH.** Now on this funeral mound I call my  
father To hear, to hearken.

**EUR.** There he is again. To "hear," to "hearken";  
the same thing, exactly.

**DIO.** Aye, but he's speaking to the dead, you  
knave,  
Who cannot hear us though we call them  
thrice.

**AESCH.** And how do you make *your*  
prologues?

**EUR.** You shall hear; And if you find one single  
thing said twice,  
Or any useless padding, spit upon me.

**DIO.** Well, fire away: I'm all agog to hear  
Your very accurate and faultless prologues.

**EUR.** A happy man was Oedipus at first—

**AESCH.** Not so, by Zeus; a most unhappy  
man.

Who, not yet born nor yet conceived, Apollo  
Foretold would be his father's murderer.  
How could he be a happy man at first.

**EUR.** Then he became the wretchedest of men.

**AESCH.** Not so, by Zeus; he never ceased to be.

No sooner born, than they exposed the babe  
(And that in winter), in an earthen crock,  
lest he should grow a man, and slay his  
father.

Then with both ankles pierced and swoln, he  
limped away to Polybus: still young, he  
married an ancient crone, and her his  
mother too.

Then scratched out both his eyes.

**DIO.** Happy indeed had he been Erasinides's  
colleague!

**EUR.** Nonsense; I say my prologues are first  
rate.

**AESCH.** Nay then, by Zeus, no longer line by  
line I'll maul your phrases: but with  
heaven to aid I'll smash your prologues  
with a bottle of oil.

**EUR.** You mine with a bottle of oil?

**AESCH.** With only one. You frame your



prologues so that each and all  
Fit in with a "bottle of oil," or "coverlet-skin,"  
Or "reticule-bag."  
I'll prove it here, and now.

**EUR.** You'll prove it? You?

**AESCH.** I will.

**DIO.** Well then, begin.

**EUR.** 'Aegyptus, sailing with his fifty sons,  
As ancient legends mostly tell the tale,  
Touching at Argos,

**AESCH.** Lost his bottle of oil.

**EUR.** Hang it, what's that? Confound that  
bottle of oil!

**DIO.** Give him another: let him try again.

**EUR.** Bacchus, who, clad in fawnskins, leaps  
and bounds  
With torch and thyrsus in the choral dance  
Along Parnassus.

**AESCH.** Lost his bottle of oil.

**DIO.** Ah me, we are stricken—with that bottle again!

**EUR.** Pooh, pooh, that's nothing. I've a prologue here,  
He'll never tack his bottle of oil to this:  
No man is blest in every single thing.  
One is of noble birth, but lacking means.  
Another, baseborn.

**AESCH.** Lost his bottle of oil.

**DIO.** Euripides!

**EUR.** Well?

**DIO.** Lower your sails, my boy;  
This bottle of oil is going to blow a gale.

**EUR.** O, by Demeter, I don't care one bit;  
Now from his hands I'll strike that bottle of oil.

**DIO.** Go on then, go; but ware the bottle of oil.

**EUR.** Once Cadmus, quitting the Sidonian town,  
Agenor's offspring.

**AESCH.** Lost his bottle of oil.

**DIO.** O pray, my man, buy off that bottle of oil,  
Or else he'll smash our prologues all to bits.

**EUR.** I buy of *him*?

**DIO.** If my advice you'll take.

**EUR.** No, no, I've many a prologue yet to say,  
To which he can't tack on his bottle of oil.  
*Pelops, the son of Tantalus, while driving His  
mares to Pisa*

**AESCH.** Lost his bottle of oil.

**DIO.** There! he tacked on the bottle of oil  
again. O for heaven's sake,  
pay him its price, dear boy; You'll get it for  
an obol, spick and span.

**EUR.** Not yet, by Zeus; I've plenty of  
prologues left.  
*Oeneus once reaping*

**AESCH.** Lost his bottle of oil.

**EUR.** Pray let me finish one entire line first.  
Oeneus once reaping an abundant harvest,

Offering the firstfruits.

**AESCH.** Lost his bottle of oil.

**DIO.** What in the act of offering? Fie! Who stole it?

**EUR.** O don't keep bothering! Let him try with this!

*Zeus, as by Truth's own voice the tale is told,*

**DIO.** No, he'll cut in with "Lost his bottle of oil!"

Those bottles of oil on all your prologues seem

To gather and grow, like styes upon the eye.

Turn to his melodies now for goodness' sake.

**EUR.** O I can easily show that he's a poor Melody-maker; makes them all alike.

**CHOR.** What, O what will be done!

Strange to think that he dare

Blame the bard who has won,

More than all in our days,

Fame and praise for his lays,

Lays so many and fair.

Much I marvel to hear  
What the charge he will bring  
'Gainst our tragedy king;  
Yea for himself do I fear.

**EUR.** Wonderful lays! O yes, you'll see directly.  
I'll cut down all his metrical strains to one.

**DIO.** And I, I'll take some pebbles, and keep  
count.

*(A slight pause, during which the music of a flute  
is heard.)*

*The music continues to the end of line 1277(!)  
as an accompaniment to the recitative.)*

**EUR.** Lord of Phthia, Achilles, why hearing the  
voice of the hero-dividing.

*(Hah! smiting!)* Approachest thou not to the  
rescue?

We, by the lake who abide, are adoring our  
ancestor Hermes.

*(Hah! smiting!)* Approachest thou not to the  
rescue?

**DIO.** O Aeschylus, twice art thou smitten!

**EUR.** Hearken to me, great king; yea, hearken  
Atreides, thou noblest of all the  
Achaean. *Hah! smiting!* approachest  
thou not to the rescue?

**DIO.** Thrice, Aeschylus, thrice art thou  
smitten!

**EUR.** Hush! the bee-wardens are here: they  
will quickly the Temple of Artemis open.  
(*Hah! smiting!*) Approachest thou not to the  
rescue?

I will expound (for *I know it*) the omen the  
chieftains encountered.

(*Hah! smiting!*) Approachest thou not to the  
rescue?

**DIO.** O Zeus and King, the terrible lot of  
smitings!

I'll to the bath:

I'm very sure my kidneys

Are quite inflamed and swoln with all these  
smitings.

**EUR.** Wait till you've heard another batch of  
lays Culled from his lyre-accompanied

melodies.

**DIO.** Go on then, go: but no more smittings,  
please.

**EUR.** How the twin-throned powers of *Achaea*,  
*the lords of the mighty Hellenes*.

O phlattothrattophlattothrat!

Sendeth *the Sphinx, the unchancy, the  
chieftainness blood-hound*.

O phlattothrattophlattothrat!

Launcheth fierce with brand *and hand the  
avengers the terrible eagle*.

O phlattothrattophlattothrat!

So for the *swift-winged hounds of the air he  
provided a booty*.

O phlattothrattophlattothrat!

The throng down-bearing on Aias.

O phlattothrattophlattothrat!

**DIO.** Whence comes that phlattothrat? From  
Marathon, or

Where picked you up these cable-twister's  
strains?

**AESCH.** From noblest source for noblest ends I

brought them,  
Unwilling in the Muses' holy field  
The self-same flowers as Phrynichus to cull.  
But *he* from all things rotten draws his lays,  
From Carian flutings, catches of Meletus,  
(*Dance-music, dirges*) You shall hear directly.  
Bring me the lyre.  
Yet wherefore need a lyre  
For songs like these? Where's she that bangs  
and jangles  
Her castanets? Euripides's Muse,  
Present yourself: fit goddess for fit verse.

**DIO.** The Muse herself can't be a wanton? No!

**AESCH.** Halcyons, who by the ever-rippling  
Waves of the sea are babbling,  
Dewing your plumes with the drops that fall  
From wings in the salt spray dabbling.

Spiders, ever with twir-r-r-r-rling fingers  
Weaving the warp and the woof,  
Little, brittle, network, fretwork,  
Under the coigns of the roof.

The minstrel shuttle's care.



Where in the front of the dark-prowed ships  
Yarely the flute-loving dolphin skips.

Races here and oracles there.  
And the joy of the young vines smiling,  
And the tendril of grapes, care-beguiling.

O embrace me, my child, O embrace me.  
(*To Dio.*) You see this foot?

**DIO.** I do.

**AESCH.** And this?

**DIO.** And that one too.

**AESCH.** (*To Eur.*) You, such stuff who compile,  
Dare my songs to upbraid;  
You, whose songs in the style  
Of Gyrene's embraces are made.  
So much for them: but still I'd like to show  
The way in which your monodies are  
framed.

O darkly-light mysterious Night,  
What may this Vision mean,  
Sent from the world unseen  
With baleful omens rife;

A thing of lifeless life,  
A child of sable night,  
A ghastly curdling sight,  
In black funereal veils,  
With murder, murder in its eyes,  
And great enormous nails?  
Light ye the lanterns, my maidens, and  
    dipping your jugs in the stream,  
Draw me the dew of the water, and heat it to  
    boiling and steam,  
So will I wash me away the ill effects of my  
    dream.

"God of the sea!  
My dream's come true.  
Ho, lodgers, ho,  
This portent view.  
Glyce has vanished, carrying off my cock,  
My cock that crew!  
O Mania, help! O reads of the rock  
Pursue! pursue!  
For I poor girl, was working within,  
Holding my distaff heavy and full,  
Twir-r-r-r-rling my hand as the threads I  
    spin,

Weaving an excellent bobbin of wool:  
Thinking 'To-morrow I'll go to the fair,  
In the dusk of the morn, and be selling it  
there.'

But he to the blue upflew, upflew,  
On the lightliest tips of his wings outspread;  
To me he bequeathed but woe, but woe,  
And tears, sad tears, from my eyes o'erflow,  
Which I, the bereaved, must shed, must  
shed.

O children of Ida, sons of Crete,  
Grasping your bows to the rescue come;  
Twinkle about on your restless feet,  
Stand in a circle around her home.  
O Artemis, thou maid divine,  
Dictynna, huntress, fair to see,  
O bring that keen-nosed pack of thine,  
And hunt through all the house with me.  
O Hecate, with flameful brands,  
O Zeus's daughter, arm thine hands,  
Those swiftest hands, both right and left;  
Thy rays on Glyce's cottage throw  
That I serenely there may go  
And search by moonlight for the theft."

**DIO.** Enough of both your odes.

**AESCH.** Enough for me. Now would I bring  
the fellow to the scales.

That, that alone, shall test our poetry now,  
And prove whose words are weightiest, his  
or mine.

**DIO.** Then both come hither, since I needs  
must weigh  
The art poetic like a pound of cheese.

**CHOR.**

O the labour these wits go through!  
O the wild, extravagant, new,  
Wonderful things they are going to do!  
Who but they would ever have thought of it?  
Why, if a man had happened to meet me  
Out in the street, and intelligence brought of  
it,  
I should have thought he was trying to cheat  
me;  
Thought that his story was false and  
deceiving.  
That were a tale I could never believe in.

**DIO.** Each of you stand beside his scale.

**AESCH AND EUR.** We're here.

**DIO.** And grasp it firmly whilst ye speak your  
lines,  
And don't let go until I cry "Cuckoo."

**AESCH AND EUR.** Ready!

**DIO.** Now speak your lines into the scale.

**EUR.** O that the Argo had not winged her  
way—

**AESCH.** River Spercheius, cattle-grazing  
haunts—

**DIO.** Cuckoo! let go.  
O look, by far the lowest  
His scale sinks down.

**EUR.** Why, how came that about?

**DIO.** He threw a river in, like some wool-seller  
Wetting his wool, to make it weight the  
more.  
But *you* threw in a light and winged word.

**EUR.** Come, let him match another verse with mine.

**DIO.** Each to his scale.

**AESCH. AND EUR.** We're ready.

**DIO.** Speak your lines.

**EUR.** *Persuasion's only shrine is eloquent speech.*

**AESCH.** *Death loves not gifts, alone amongst the gods*

**DIO.** Let go, let go. Down goes his scale again.  
He threw in Death, the heaviest ill of all.

**EUR.** And I Persuasion, the most lovely word.

**DIO.** A vain and empty sound, devoid of sense.

Think of some heavier-weighted line of yours,

To drag your scale down: something strong and big.

**EUR.** Where have I got one? Where? Let's see.

**DIO.** I'll tell you.

*"Achilles threw two singles and a four."*

Come, speak your lines: this is your last set-to.

**EUR.** In his right hand he grasped an iron-clamped mace.

**AESCH.** Chariot on chariot, corpse on corpse was hurled.

**DIO.** There now! again he has done you.

**EUR.** Done me? How?

**DIO.** He threw two chariots and two corpses in;  
Five-score Egyptians could not lift that weight.

**AESCH.** No more of "line for line"; let him-himself,  
His children, wife, Cephisophon-get in,  
With all his books collected in his arms,  
Two lines of mine shall outweigh the lot.

**DIO.** Both are my friends; I can't decide between them:

I don't desire to be at odds with either:  
One is so clever, one delights me so.

**PLUTO.** Then you'll effect nothing for which  
you came?

**DIO.** And how, if I decide?

**PLUTO.** Then take the winner;  
So will your journey not be made in vain.

**DIO.** Heaven bless your Highness! Listen, I  
came down  
After a poet.

**EUR.** To what end?

**DIO.** That so The city, saved, may keep her  
choral games.  
Now then, whichever of you two shall best  
Advise the city, *he* shall come with me.  
And first of Alcibiades, let each  
Say what he thinks; the city travails sore.

**EUR.** What does she think herself about him?

**DIO.** What? She loves, and hates, and longs to  
have him back.



But give me *your* advice about the man.

**EUR.** I loathe a townsman who is slow to aid,  
And swift to hurt, his town: who ways and  
means  
Finds for himself, but finds not for the state.

**DIO.** Poseidon, but that's smart!  
(*To Aesch.*) And what say *you*?

**AESCH.** 'Twere best to rear no lion in the state:  
But having reared, 'tis best to humour him.

**DIO.** By Zeus the Saviour, still I can't decide.  
One is so clever, and so clear the other.  
But once again. Let each in turn declare  
What plan of safety for the state ye've got.

**EUR.** First with Cinesias wing Cleocritus,  
Then zephyrs waft them o'er the watery  
plain.

**DIO.** A funny sight, I own: but where's the  
sense?

**EUR.** If, when the fleets engage, they holding  
cruets

Should rain down vinegar in the foemen's  
eyes,]

I know, and I can tell you.

**DIO.** Tell away.

**EUR.** When things, mistrusted now, shall  
trusted be,  
And trusted things, mistrusted.

**DIO.** How! I don't quite comprehend.  
Be clear, and not so clever.

**EUR.** If we mistrust those citizens of ours  
Whom now we trust, and those employ  
whom now  
We don't employ, the city will be saved.  
If on our present tack we fail, we surely  
Shall find salvation in the opposite course.

**DIO.** Good, O Palamedes! Good, you genius  
you.

(Is this *your* cleverness or Cephisophon's?)

**EUR.** This is my own: the cruet-plan was his.]

**DIO.** (*To Aesch.*) Now, you.

**AESCH.** But tell me whom the city uses.  
The good and useful?

**DIO.** What are you dreaming of? She hates  
and loathes them.

**AESCH.** Does she love the bad?

**DIO.** Not love them, no: she uses them  
perforce.

**AESCH.** How can one save a city such as this,  
Whom neither frieze nor woollen tunic suits?

**DIO.** O, if to earth you rise, find out some way.

**AESCH.** There will I speak: I cannot answer  
here.

**DIO.** Nay, nay; send up your guerdon from  
below.

**AESCH.** When they shall count the enemy's  
soil their own,  
And theirs the enemy's: when they know  
that ships  
Are their true wealth, their so-called wealth  
delusion.

**DIO.** Aye, but the justices suck that down, you know.

**PLUTO.** Now then, decide.

**DIO.** I will; and thus I'll do it.  
I'll choose the man in whom my soul  
delights.

**EUR.** O, recollect the gods by whom you swore  
You'd take me home again; and choose your  
friends.

**DIO.** 'Twas my tongue swore; my choice  
is—Aeschylus.

**EUR.** Hah! what have you done?

**DIO.** Done? Given the victor's prize  
To Aeschylus; why not?

**EUR.** And do you dare look in my face, after  
that shameful deed?

**DIO.** What's shameful, if the audience think  
not so?

**EUR.** Have you no heart? Wretch; would you  
leave me dead?

**DIO.** Who knows if death be life, and life be  
death,  
And breath be mutton broth, and sleep a  
sheepskin?

**PLUTO.** Now, Dionysus, come ye in.

**DIO.** What for?

**PLUTO.** And sup before ye go.

**DIO.** A bright idea. I' faith, I'm nowise  
indisposed for that.

**CHOR.** Blest the man who possesses a  
Keen intelligent mind.  
This full often we find.  
He, the bard of renown,  
Now to earth reascends,  
Goes, a joy to his town,  
Goes, a joy to his friends,  
Just because he possesses a  
Keen intelligent mind.

*Right* it is and befitting,  
 Not by Socrates sitting,  
 Idle talk to pursue,  
 Stripping tragedy-art of  
 All things noble and true,  
 Surely the mind to school  
 Fine-drawn quibbles to seek,  
 Fine-set phrases to speak,  
 Is but the part of a fool!

**PLUTO.** Farewell then, Aeschylus, great and  
     wise,  
 Go, save our state by the maxims rare  
 Of thy noble thought; and the fools chastise,

For many a fool dwells there.  
 And *this* to Cleophon give, my friend,  
 And *this* to the revenue-raising crew,  
 Nicomachus, Myrmex, next I send,  
 And *this* to Archenomus too.  
 And bid them all that without delay,  
 To my realm of the dead they hasten away.  
 For if they loiter above, I swear  
 I'll come myself and arrest them there.  
 And branded and fettered the slaves shall go

With the vilest rascal in all the town,  
Adeimantus, son of Leucolophus, down,  
Down, down to the darkness below.

**AESCH.** I take the mission. This chair of mine  
Meanwhile to Sophocles here commit,  
(For I count him next in our craft divine,)  
Till I come once more by thy side to sit.  
But as for that rascally scoundrel there,  
That low buffoon, that worker of ill,  
O let him not sit in my vacant chair,  
Not even against his will.

**PLUTO.** (*To the Chorus.*) Escort him up with  
your mystic throngs,  
While the holy torches quiver and blaze.  
Escort him up with his own sweet songs and  
his noble festival lays.

**CHOR.** First, as the poet triumphant is passing  
away to the light,  
Grant him success on his journey, ye powers  
that are ruling below.  
Grant that he find for the city good counsels  
to guide her aright;  
So we at last shall be freed from the anguish,

the fear, and the woe,  
Freed from the onsets of war. Let Cleophon  
now and his band  
Battle, if battle they must, far away in their  
own fatherland.